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REVIEW

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BRITISH NATION.

Thursday, March 24. 1709.

The Eyes of the Town are all turn'd upon Peace, and all our News-Papers are full of it; some will have the French importuning us for it; others, that sufficient Concessions are made by them to found it upon; others that Plenipotentiaries: are going to Flenders actually to fet the Treaty on Foot. I shall determine nothing of this; I am very hopeful Peace is in View, and that I gather from the Prudence of the Enemy we have to do with; whose Circumstances, tho' I do not believe Half of what is told us from abroad neither, are such as certainly make Peace more necessary to him than ever it was, and more wanted by him than by us, tho' at the same time we want it enough too.

Before I enter upon the Examination of Particulars relating to a Treaty of Peace, I must take Notice of what I already foresee growing upon us, I mean, Uneasinesses and Differences at home about the Con-

ditions-

ditions - And let who will have the Honour of negotiating it, I-take upon me to tell them, and I have fome Reasons for my Suggestions from former Experience; let their Prudence and Caution in managing, their Faithfulness to the British Interest, their Success in finishing it, be what it will, they are not to promile themselves the Succels of pleafing us --- We have fome People among us will accempt to rob them of the Glory they should have; perhaps they may have the private Satisfaction of having afted like honest Men, and of having faithfully discharged their Truft, the Queen may be satisfy'd in their Conduct, wife, confidering and impartial Men, that feek the true Interest of England, and understand it itoo, may be fatisfy'd; and to wife Man this will be enough.

But when we speak of Parties, I venture to say, we WILL NOT be pleas different that would be best pleas different ask no more; they that bate the Advantages you gain, will make most Noise about the Advantages you mis; those that envy the Success of the War, will cry out loudest of your making Peace too soon; those that are most affilisted at what you take, will first abuse you that you do not take all.

I have seen something of a Peace made before, and have had the Honour to know more of its Circumflances than I shall repeat here——— The Clamour rais'd at the Treaty of Partition, was one of the principal Arguments that brought some People to approve of this War; tho' if I am to speak Nationally, it was not King William's making that Treaty made the War, but the French King's not standing to the Treaty he had made; from whence may be briefly observ'd.

 That King William, (had the Treaty he made with France been observ'd) had prevented this War.

2. That the King of France has brought upon himself all the Dishonour of this War, as well as the Mortification of the ensuing Peace, by his Truce-breaking, Promise-breaking, Article-breaking, Faith-breaking Politicks.

To the first Article, I know, it will naturally be objected, by those that gratified their Spleen in affronting King William in whatever he did, that this War has been better than that Peace And fince it is most infolently cast in as a Reproach upon. the King's Prudence, by the Enemies of the Revolution, the making that Treaty, I cannot but in Reparation of that Wrong to his Memory endeavour to draw a Ballance between what you then had by Stipulation, and what you are now like to obtain more, and let the Difference, which is, or our Merchants call it, the Nett-Procede of the Voyage-Against the Blood. the Money, the Loffes and Difasters of this last War, and thereby we shall see, whether we are Gainers or no, or, whether King William had not mile a better Bargain for us, than we, tho' with unexpelled Suctefs, are like to make for our felves.

I think, this is a just and equal Way of casting Things up, I shall make no Restections upon any—The King indeed and those Gentlemen, who asked under his Majesty, have suffer'd Loads of Restections and Reproaches——Now, as all Actions are best try'd by their Ends, I cannot but think it a proper Time to examine pass Things by present, and then we shall see, whether a right Judgment was made before or no.

We have seen publish'd in the Daily-Courant; a Kind of an Expostulation printed abroad, concerning the Kingdoms of NX. ples and Scicily, and Arguments rais'd from the English Interest in Trade, to move us against conceding those Kingdoms to the Duke of Anjou-The same Paper has been publish'd in Holland, but as I am told, with differing Arguments relating to the Dutch; but it is evident to those who can fee but a little Way into Things, That there is a certain Power in the World who will be against any Peace, but what may enlarge that Power to a Height beyond what is confishent with the Ballance of Exrope, for which the Confederates have been all this while fighting ____ And from this and some other Observations on the present present Posture of Affairs, I lay down these Postulata, as the Preliminaries of my future arguing upon the Subject of Peace.

r. It is as necessary to the Peace of Europe not to reduce France too low, as it is not to let France be too high.

2. There are some Conquests made by some Powers of Europe this War, which it is as necessary for the Peace of Europe should be restor'd, as those Conquests France has made.

3. There is a certain Potentate in the Alliance, whose over-ballancing Greatness it is as absolutely necessary to prevent, as it is to reduce that of France, which is already grown too high.

When I come to examine farther into thefe Things, I shall hot be fo three of explaining my felf, as perhaps some People think I hall be We are told, that it is not left to the Crown of England to make a Peace that is diadrantagious to the Nation ; tho' fome way this may be true, yet I think on the other hand, by the same Rule the Grown is not bound to continue & War when it may be advantagiously concluded, to satisfie the Caprice of every Mountebank. Statelman-And the iolifting on fuch Things as are of themselves not to be named, with the Expence, Hazard and Blood, still to be fpent in a lingring War, is certainly a Piece of Policy that tends to the Damage, not to the Advantage of England.

Peace must, as I have said often, be Sase and Honourable— I shall bereafter a little enquire, what these Words contain; in the mean time I must note, that if by the Peace you take exorbitant Power from one, and give it to another, you are far from making your Peace Sase— The Sasety of Europe, if I have any Fore-sight, lies now in our Hands to secure, and we may secure it— And this will effectually be done thus. There are but two Articles of exorbitant Rower in Europe, one you may reduce, the other you may divide, and so bring both to a Billance; and this is the only Way to secure the Peace of Europe; this was done effectually by King William,

in the Treaty of Partition; and I have the Honour to Lay, that to my certain Knowledge it was with this very Profped. This the French King faw, and therefore together with the View of encreating his own Power, broke the Articles—You have spent forty Millions, and many a thousand English Man's Life, to bring him to it again. And it is fill my Opinion, that every Inch you add to Anstrian Greatness more than was given by that Treaty, so many Steps you take to purchase your Posterity, the Happiness of spending as much Blood and Money to reduce German Tyranny, as it has cost us to reduce French Tyranny—And upon that Foundation I leave it.

If any Man take Offence at this introduction, I demand but so much Justice, and beg so much Favour, that he will adjourn his Censure, till I have explain'd my self, and finished the Observations on this Head.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Jost publish'd,

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He would not have inferred this, but by the Advice of some Persons of Note, who have been Ear-witneffes of these great Abuses; and he hopes this, and his Success of above 70 that he has Couched lately, (some of them Persons of Quality, who are ready to attent the same) will be ample \$4-

risfaction to the Publick

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